

Head Office: 41 Pullman Court Toronto, ON M1X 1E4 Canada

Tel: (416) 298-1996 Fax: (416) 298-6856 Toll Free: 1 (866) 795-7275 New Jersey Office: 182 Whitman Ave. Edison, NJ 08817 USA Tel: 1-866-795-7275 Fax: 1-416-298-7273

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

SDS00829

**ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 99%** 

Preparation Date: 27/Aug/2019 Version: 1

1. IDENTIFICATION

**Product identifier** 

Product Name ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 99%

Other means of identification

SDS Number SDS00829

Synonyms Propanol-2, Isopropanol

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use Use as a solvent only in industrial manufacturing processes.

Restricted Uses No information available

**Emergency telephone number** 

24 Hour Emergency Phone Number (CANUTEC): 1-888-226-8832 (1-888-CAN-UTEC)

# 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute toxicity - Oral Category 4

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3

Label elements

**Initial Supplier Identifier** 

NANJING JIAYI SUNWAY CHEMICAL CO., LTD

ROOM 703, NO. 100, QINHUAI JIANGNING ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT ZONE

NANJING, JIANGSU 211100

Flammable liquids

# English / WHMIS2015 Page 1 / 11

Category 2

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Hazard pictograms Signal Word: Danger Hazard statements

Highly flammable liquid and vapor

Harmful if swallowed

Causes serious eve irritation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

**Precautionary Statements** 

Prevention

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking

Keep container tightly closed

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

Use explosion-proof electrical/ ventilating / lighting/ equipment

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Use only non-sparking tools

Take action to prevent static discharges

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Wash hands thoroughly after handling

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

Keep cool

## Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do

Continue rinsing

If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower

IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell

Rinse mouth

In case of fire: Use dry sand, dry chemical or alcohol-resistant foam to extinguish

#### Storage

Store locked up

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

#### Disposal

Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

Unknown acute toxicity No information available

# 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

# SDS00829 - ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 99% Preparation Date: 27/Aug/2019

#### Substance

Chemical Name CAS No Weight-% (W/W) Synonyms Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0 90 - 100% Isopropyl Alcohol

#### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

#### **Description of first aid measures**

# General advice

Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

#### Inhalation

Remove to fresh air. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.

# Eye contact

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at least 15 minutes. Keep eye wide open while

rinsing. Do not rub affected area. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

#### Skin contact

Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing all contaminated clothes and shoes. **Ingestion** 

Do NOT induce vomiting. Clean mouth with water and drink afterwards plenty of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Call a physician.

### Self-protection of the first aider

Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, take precautions to protect themselves and prevent spread of contamination. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing.

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# Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Causes serious eye irritation Low toxicity. May cause corneal injury. May cause lachrymation (excessive tears). May cause pain disproportionate to the level of irritation to eye tissue. Aspiration into the lungs during ingestion or vomiting may lead to chemical pneumonitis. May cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dizziness, confusion and breathing difficulties. Small amounts swallowed incidental to normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury. Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. Swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness. May cause drying and flaking of the skin. Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation. Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may include: Facial flushing. Low blood pressure. Irregular heartbeats. With good ventilation, single exposure is not likely to be hazardous. In poorly ventilated areas, vapors or mists may accumulate and cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged excessive exposure may cause adverse effects. Excessive exposure (400 ppm) to isopropanol may cause eye, nose and throat irritation. Incoordination, confusion, hypotension, hypothermia, circulatory collapse, respiratory arrest and death may follow a longer duration or higher levels. Observations in animals include middle ear lining damage upon exposure to vapors of isopropanol. However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Note to physicians

Treatment based on sound judgment of physician and individual reactions of patient. Hemodialysis may be of benefit if substantial amounts have been ingested and the patient is showing signs of intoxication. Consider hemodialysis for patients with persistent hypotension or coma unresponsive to standard therapy (isopropanol levels >400 - 500 mg/dl). (Goldfrank 1998, King et al, 1970). Because rapid absorption may occur through lungs if aspirated and cause systemic effects, the decision of whether to induce vomiting or not should be made by a physician. If lavage is performed, suggest endotracheal and/or esophageal control. Danger from lung aspiration must be weighed against

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toxicity when considering emptying the stomach.

# 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### **Suitable Extinguishing Media**

Water fog or fine spray, carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam. Alcohol resistant foams (ATC type) are preferred if available. General purpose synthetic foams (including AFFF) or protein foams may function, but much less effectively. Do not use direct water stream, which will spread fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use a solid stream of water; this may cause spattering and spread the fire.

#### Specific hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers and structures. Vapors are heavier than air and may accumulate in low areas. Vapors may travel along the ground to be ignited at distant locations. Isolate and restrict area access. Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Stop leak only if safe to do so. Container may rupture from gas generation in a fire situation. Fight fire from a safe distance and from a protected location. Flammable concentrations of vapor can accumulate at temperatures above flash point. Use proper bonding and grounding during product transfer. NEVER use a water jet directly on the fire because it may spread the fire to a larger area. Flammable mixtures may exist within the vapor space of containers at room temperature. Keep out of low areas where gases (fumes) can accumulate. Flammable mixtures of this product are readily ignited even by static discharge. Use water spray to disperse vapors; re-ignition is possible. When product is stored in closed containers, a flammable atmosphere can develop. Use caution and test if material is burning before entering area. Material burns with invisible flame.

# **Hazardous combustion products**

Hazardous decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply, and the presence of other materials.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters



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Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Firefighters should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full firefighting turnout gear. Use personal protection equipment.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Use personal protective equipment as required. See section 8 for more information. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Ensure adequate ventilation. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. ELIMINATE all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks or flames in immediate area). Pay attention to flashback. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the

product must be grounded. Do not touch or walk through spilled material.

## **Environmental precautions**

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Prevent product from entering drains.

## Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. Dike far ahead of spill to collect runoff water. Keep out of drains, sewers, ditches and waterways. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Dam up. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers.

# SDS00829 - ISOPROPYL ALCOHOL 99% Preparation Date: 27/Aug/2019 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Vapors form from this product and may travel or be moved by air currents and ignited by pilot lights, other flames, smoking, sparks, heaters, electrical equipment, static discharges or other ignition sources at locations distant from product handling point and may flash back explosively. Wash thoroughly after handling. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not ingest. Do not cut, drill, grind, weld or perform similar operations on or near containers. Empty containers may contain hazardous product residues. Bond and ground containers during transfer operations. No smoking or open flame in storage, use or handling areas. Use non-sparking tools. Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Never use air pressure for transferring product. Vapors are heavier than air and will collect in low areas. Do not enter confined spaces unless adequately ventilated.

### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area, away from heat and ignition sources. Place away from incompatible materials. Keep away from direct sunlight. Peroxides can form if this product is stored in contact with air. Peroxides can be explosive. Shelf life: 20 months in original, sealed container.

### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### **Control parameters**

### **Exposure Limits.**

Chemical Name Alberta OEL British Columbia
OEL
Ontario Quebec OEL Exposure Limit ACGIH
Immediately
Dangerous to Life
or Health - IDLH
Isopropyl Alcohol



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67-63-0

TWA: 200 ppm TWA: 492 mg/m<sub>3</sub> STEL: 400 ppm STEL: 984 mg/m<sub>3</sub> TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm TWA: 200 ppm STEL: 400 ppm TWA: 400 ppm TWA: 985 mg/m<sub>3</sub> STEL: 500 ppm STEL: 1230 mg/m<sub>3</sub> 400 ppm STEL 200 ppm TLV-TWA 2000 ppm

Consult local authorities for recommended exposure limits

# Appropriate engineering controls

### **Engineering controls**

Electrical and mechanical equipment should be explosion proof. Local ventilation recommended where mechanical ventilation is ineffective in controlling airborne concentrations below the recommended occupational exposure limit. Make up air should always be supplied to balance air exhausted (either generally or locally). For personnel entry into confined spaces (i.e. bulk storage tanks) a proper confined space entry procedure must be followed including ventilation and testing of tank atmosphere. Concentrations in air should be maintained below lower explosive limit at all times or below the recommended threshold limit value if unprotected personnel are involved. Mechanical ventilation is recommended for all indoor situations to control fugitive emissions.

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment **Eye/face protection**

Tight sealing safety goggles.

#### Hand protection

Nitrile gloves. Neoprene gloves. Polyvinyl alcohol gloves. Ethyl Vinyl Alcohol Laminate (EVAL). Natural rubber gloves. Polyvinylchloride (PVC) gloves. Polyethylene gloves. NOTICE: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Use gloves chemically resistant to this material, examples of preferred glove barrier materials

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include:. Examples of acceptable glove barrier materials include:.

#### Skin and body protection

Antistatic boots. Chemical resistant apron. Long sleeved clothing. Wear suitable protective clothing. Respiratory protection

Use a NIOSH-approved chemical cartridge respirator with organic vapor cartridges or use a NIOSHapproved supplied-air respirator. For high airborne concentrations, use a NIOSH -approved supplied-air respirator, either self-contained or airline breathing apparatus, operated in positive pressure mode. NIOSH approved supplied air respirator when airborne concentrations exceed exposure limits.

#### **General hygiene considerations**

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Regular cleaning of equipment, work area and clothing is recommended. Wash

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hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear suitable gloves and eye/face protection.

# 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state Liquid

**Color** Colorless

Odor Alcohol

Odor threshold No information available

**Explosive properties** No information available.

Oxidizing properties No information available.

Molecular weight No information available

VOC Percentage Volatility No information available

Liquid Density No information available

Bulk density No information available

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**PROPERTIES Values Remarks • Method** 

**pH** No data available None known

Melting point / freezing point -89 °C / -128 °F

Initial boiling point/boiling range 82 °C / 180 °F

Flash point 12 °C / 54 °F Tag Closed Cup ASTM D56

**Evaporation rate** 1.5

Flammability (solid, gas) No data available None known

Flammability Limit in Air

Upper flammability limit: 12 Lower flammability limit: 2

Vapor pressure 33 hPa @ 20°C

Relative vapor density 2.1

Specific Gravity 0.78 - 0.79 @ 20°C

Water solubility Completely miscible

Solubility in other solvents No data available

Partition coefficient No data available

Autoignition temperature 425 °C / 797 °F

**Decomposition temperature** No data available None known

Kinematic viscosity Dynamic 2.4 mPa.s @ 20°C

**Dynamic viscosity** No data available None known

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**Reactivity/Chemical Stability** 

Stable

Possibility of hazardous reactions

No additional remark.

Hazardous polymerization

Will not occur.

Conditions to avoid

Product can decompose at elevated temperatures. Avoid contact with heat, sparks, open flame, and static discharge.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Aldehydes. Halogens. Halogenated organics.

Hazardous decomposition products

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Hazardous decomposition products depend upon temperature, air supply, and the presence of other materials.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# Information on likely routes of exposure

With good ventilation, single exposure is not likely to be hazardous. In poorly ventilated areas, vapors or mists may accumulate and cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged excessive exposure may cause adverse effects. Excessive exposure (400 ppm) to isopropanol may cause eye, nose and throat irritation. Incoordination, confusion, hypotension, hypothermia, circulatory collapse, respiratory arrest and death may follow a longer duration or higher levels. Observations in animals include middle ear lining damage upon exposure to vapors of isopropanol. However, the relevance of this to humans is unknown.

# Eye contact

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause corneal injury. May cause lachrymation (excessive tears). May cause pain disproportionate to the level of irritation to eye tissue. Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

#### Skin contact

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. May cause drying and flaking of the skin. Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.

# Ingestion

Harmful if swallowed. Low toxicity. May cause central nervous system effects, such as headache, nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain, dizziness, confusion and breathing difficulties. Small amounts swallowed incidental to normal handling operations are not likely to cause injury. Swallowing larger amounts may cause injury. Signs and symptoms of excessive exposure may include: Facial flushing. Low blood pressure. Irregular heartbeats.

# Information on toxicological effects Symptoms

Isopropanol is a moderate to severe eye irritant and a very mild skin irritant. Repeated or prolonged skin contact can cause drying and cracking of the skin (dermatitis). There are no reports of harmful effects developing following short-term exposure to Isopropanol. Exposure produced mild - moderate irritation of the nose and throat. It can probably cause central nervous system (CNS) depression, based on animal information and comparison to related alcohols. Symptoms may include headache, nausea, dizziness, vomiting and incoordination. High exposures may result in unconsciousness and death. Ingestion of large amounts can result in symptoms of CNS depression. Isopropanol can probably be inhaled into the lungs (aspirated) during ingestion or vomiting. Aspiration can result in severe, life-threatening lung damage. In rats and mice long-term exposure by inhalation or ingestion has produced decreased body weight, a reversible increase in motor activity, increased liver weight, and signs of central nervous system (CNS) depression. Decreased testes weight has been observed in mice, while increased testes weight has been observed in rats exposed to high concentrations. Kidney injury has been observed in rats (especially males) and

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mice exposed to high concentrations. These effects are believed to be species specific and unlikely to occur inhumans. Observations in animals include: Lethargy. Isopropanol toxicity is synergistic with chloroform and carbontetrachloride resulting in hepatotoxicity.

**Numerical measures of toxicity** 

**Acute toxicity** 

The following values are calculated based on chapter 3.1 of the GHS document.

**ATEmix (oral)** 1,870.00 mg/kg

ATEmix (dermal) 4,059.00 mg/kg

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# **Unknown acute toxicity** No information available

Chemical Name Oral LD50 Dermal LD50 Inhalation LC50 Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0

= 1870 mg/kg (Rat) = 4059 mg/kg (Rabbit) =  $72600 \text{ mg/m}_3$  (Rat) 4 h

# Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure Skin corrosion/irritation

Prolonged skin contact is unlikely to result in absorption of harmful amounts. May cause drying and flaking of the skin.

Prolonged exposure not likely to cause significant skin irritation.

# Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause corneal injury. May cause lachrymation (excessive tears). May cause pain disproportionate to the level of irritation to eye tissue. Vapor may cause eye irritation experienced as mild discomfort and redness.

# Respiratory or skin sensitization

No information available.

# Germ cell mutagenicity

No information available.

## Carcinogenicity

Classification based on data available for ingredients.

The table below indicates whether each agency has listed any ingredient as a carcinogen.

Chemical Name ACGIH IARC NTP OSHA

Isopropyl Alcohol

67-63-0

Not available Group 3 Not available X

#### Legend

#### IARC (International Agency for Research on Cancer)

Group 1 - Carcinogenic to Humans

Group 3 - Not Classifiable as to Carcinogenicity in Humans

# OSHA (Occupational Safety and Health Administration of the US Department of Labor)

X - Present

# Reproductive toxicity

There is no human information available for Isopropanol. However, Isopropanol is considered teratogenic/embryotoxic based on animal information. One inhalation rat study has shown that 2-propanol is fetotoxic (caused reduced fetal weight gain) in the absence of maternal toxicity. Other studies have shown no effects or effects in the presence of maternal toxicity. Positive and negative mutagenic results have been obtained in mammalian cells in vitro and negative results in bacteria.

# Specific target organ systemic toxicity - single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

# Specific target organ systemic toxicity - repeated exposure

No information available.

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# **Aspiration hazard**

No information available.

# 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# **Ecotoxicity**

Chemical Name Ecotoxicity - Freshwater
Algae Data
Ecotoxicity - Fish Species
Data
Toxicity to
microorganisms

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Crustacea Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0 1000 mg/L EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus 72 h 1000 mg/L EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus 96 h 11130 mg/L LC50 (Pimephales promelas) 96 h static 9640 mg/L LC50 (Pimephales promelas) 96 h flow-through 1400000 µg/L LC50 (Lepomis macrochirus) 96 h Not available EC50: =13299mg/L (48h, Daphnia magna)

Persistence and degradability No information available.

Bioaccumulation No information available.

#### **Component Information**

Chemical Name Partition coefficient Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0 0.05

Other adverse effects No information available.

#### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

#### Waste treatment methods

Disposal of all wastes must be done in accordance with municipal, provincial and federal regulations. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the toxicity and physical properties of the material generated to determine the proper waste classification and disposal methods in compliance with applicable regulations. Recover or recycle if possible. Empty containers should be recycled or disposed of through an approved waste management facility. Drain container thoroughly. After draining, vent in a safe place away from sparks and fire. Residues may cause an explosion hazard. Do not puncture, cut or weld uncleaned drums.

### 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

TDG (Canada): **UN Number** UN1219 Shipping name ISOPROPANOL Class 3 Packing Group II Marine pollutant No. DOT (U.S.) **UN Number** UN1219 Shipping name ISOPROPANOL

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Class 3

Packing Group II

Marine pollutant Not available

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

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# **U.S. Regulatory Rules**

Chemical Name CERCLA/SARA - Section 302: SARA (311, 312) Hazard Class: CERCLA/SARA - Section 313: Isopropyl Alcohol - 67-63-0 Not Listed Not Listed Listed

#### International Inventories

**TSCA** All components of this product are either on the Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory List or exempt.

**DSL/NDSL** All components of this product are either on the Domestic Substances List (DSL), the Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL) or exempt.

#### Legend:

TSCA - United States Toxic Substances Control Act Section 8(b) Inventory DSL/NDSL - Canadian Domestic Substances List/Non-Domestic Substances List

#### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Legend Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Prepared By: The Environment, Health and Safety Department of Univar Canada Ltd.

Preparation Date: 27/Aug/2019 Revision Date: 27/Aug/2019

**Disclaimer** 

#### **NOTICE TO READER:**

Univar expressly disclaims all express or implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, with respect to the product or information provided herein, and shall under no circumstances be liable for incidental or consequential damages.

Do not use ingredient information and/or ingredient percentages in this SDS as a product specification. For product specification information refer to a Product Specification Sheet and/or a Certificate of Analysis. These can be obtained from your local Univar Sales Office.

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NFPA: Health hazards 2 Flammability 3 Instability 0 Physical and chemical properties -

HMIS: Health hazards 2 \* Flammability 3 Physical hazards 0 Personal protection

TWA TWA (time-weighted average) STEL STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) Ceiling Maximum limit value \* Skin designation

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**End of Safety Data Sheet**